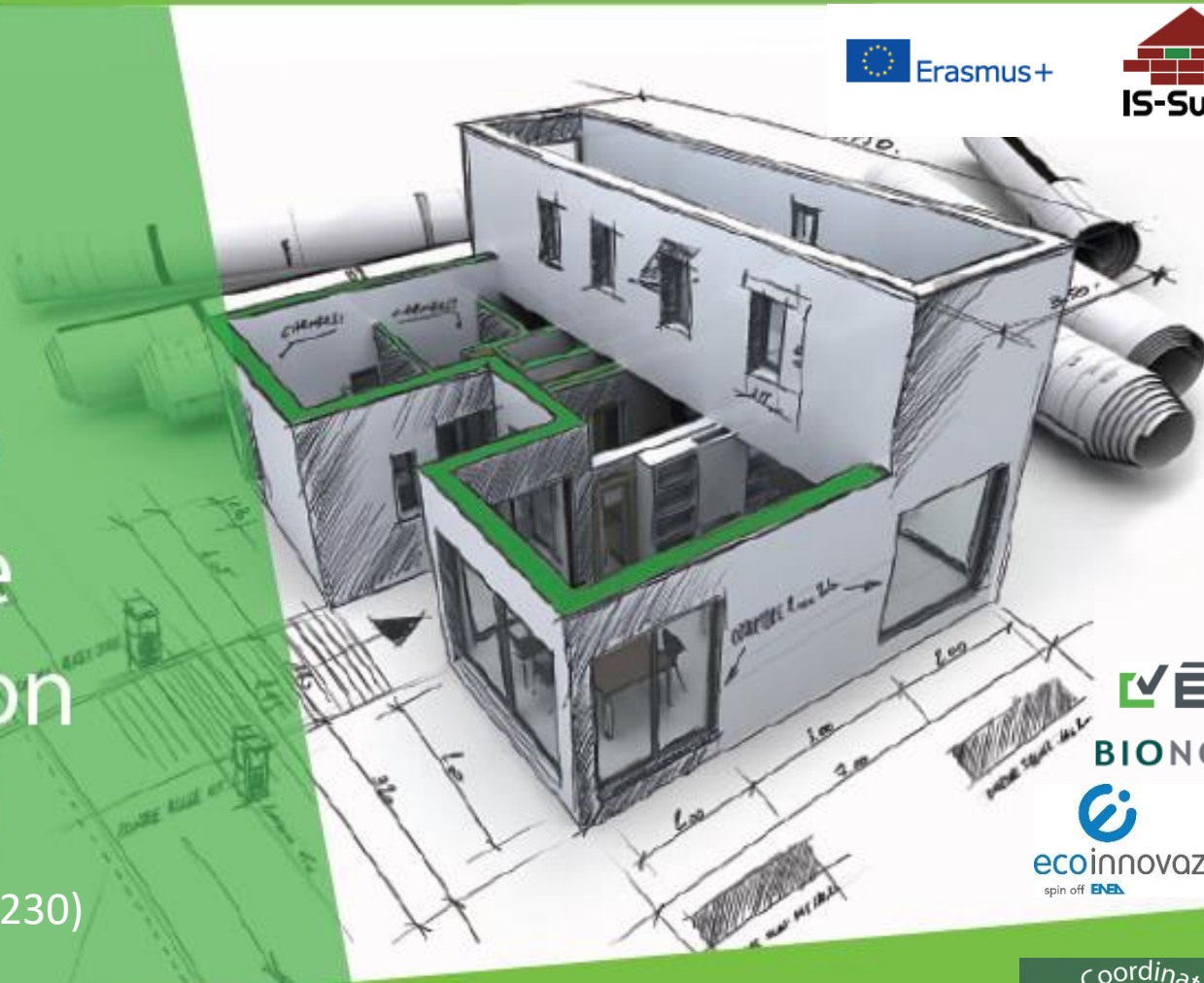


Spread of Innovative Solution for Sustainable CONstruction (IS-SusCon)

(2019-1-HU01-KA204-061230)





Source: <https://areweb.polito.it/ricerca/LCA>

- Definition of constructions
- Selection of data for LCA
- LCA case studies
- Use of results
 - Handbook
 - WebApp



Definition of constructions

Construction category	Nr
External walls	12
Cladding	5
Load bearing internal walls	2
Internal partition walls	7
Underground wall	2
Foundation	1
Cleanliness layer	2
Floor slab	5
Floor finish	8
Roof slab (flat and unheated pitched)	12
Roof (heated pitched)	7
Ground slab	2
Columns	2
Beams	1
Balcony	1
Staircase	1
Windows	7
Doors	1



Hollow ceramic block (25NF) wall with EPS insulation
Hollow ceramic block (30NF) wall with EPS insulation
Hollow ceramic block (30NF) wall with grey EPS insulation
Hollow ceramic block (30NF) wall with mineral wool insulation
Hollow ceramic block (30NF) wall with wood wool insulation
Hollow ceramic block wall (38 cm)
Aerated concrete wall (37.5 cm)
Aerated concrete wall (25 cm) with EPS insulation
Sand lime brick (30 cm) with EPS insulation
Sand lime brick (30 cm) with calcium silicate insulation
Wood stud wall with mineral wool insulation
Adobe wall with straw insulation



List of building materials

<http://howtobuildgreen.eu/images/case-method.pdf>



Data sources:

A1-A3: Generic (or specific) EPDs from Ökobaudat, IBU, Inies, other EPD programs
– search for the most representative data

A4: European transport scenarios defined by One Click LCA

B4-B5: service life has been defined for each material according to One Click LCA
and IS-SusCon project experts

C1-C4: One Click LCA default waste management scenarios



Goals:

- to show examples of life cycle thinking
- to show examples of LCA and LCC for building construction alternatives

Cases:

- External walls
- Internal walls
- Cladding
- Floor finish
- Floor slab
- Roof slab
- Roofs

Functional unit:

- 1 m² construction surface
- 50 yr building life



System boundaries

Product stage			Construction process stage		Use stage							End-of-life stage				Resource recovery stage
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use stage	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X					X	X			X	X	X	X	



Results

- Global Warming Potential (GWP): as usually the most relevant indicator in the building industry,
- Acidification, Eutrophication and Photochemical Ozone Creation Potentials (AP, EP, POCP): to identify other potential environmental “hot spots”

NOTE!!!

- results of these case studies cannot be generalized.
- they are not meant to be a final judgment about what is better and what is worse from an environmental point of view
- they offer a first understanding of main environmental issues related to building constructions and materials.



EXAMPLES

<http://howtobuildgreen.eu/en/case-studies>

External walls – Hungary

Floor finishes - Hungary



WebApp

- For the users all Hungarian constructions are available to create models of buildings.
- In constructions where concrete and steel are present, it is possible to select different concrete/steel alternatives depending on their recycled material content.
- Thickness of certain construction materials can be adapted based on the expert judgment of One Click LCA.
- Case studies are also available

Material datasheets

- Datasheets as an Annex of the Handbook.
- To describe environmental performance of the building materials, the results and conclusions of the Case studies have been considered.



Thank you for your attention

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